Introduction

Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (the Act) requires public authorities, in carrying out their functions relating to Northern Ireland, to have due regard to the need to promote equality of opportunity and regard to the desirability of promoting good relations across a range of categories outlined in the Act.

In 2011, the Department of Finance and Personnel (DFP) produced its current Equality Scheme. This document is based on the format and content of the 'model scheme' provided by the Equality Commission for Northern Ireland.

The Equality Scheme details how the Department will fulfil its statutory obligations under the Act. The Scheme is accompanied by a Section 75 Action Plan and a Disability Action Plan, which set out the steps that the Department is taking to address any issues around equality, diversity and disability. These plans were developed following a Departmental Audit of Inequalities and each plan is reviewed annually, with updates sent to the Equality Commission and to equality consultees.

Under Schedule 9 paragraph 8 (3) of the Northern Ireland Act 1998, DFP is committed to carrying out a five-year review of our Equality Scheme. Strategic Equality Branch in DFP has updated the wording in the Scheme to reflect the current position and has consulted internally with business areas to identify any areas in need of amendment. This internal review has only resulted in minor amendments to the previous Equality Scheme.

For the second stage of this review, we are carrying out a consultation on the content of the revised Equality Scheme and would be grateful for your comments. The draft Scheme is attached for ease of reference.

The current DFP Equality Scheme and copies of our current Section 75 and Disability Action Plans can be found on the Department’s website at https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-departmental-equality-scheme. This website also contains a link to the responses made during the previous consultation on our Equality Scheme. This information may be a useful reference point for consultees.
Responding to this consultation

We welcome any comments or questions on our Equality Scheme consultation. The best way to respond is either by email to

Carolyn.barr@dfpni.gov.uk or by post to:

Strategic Equality Branch
Department of Finance and Personnel
Rathgael House
Balloo Road
Bangor
BT19 7NA

Telephone 028 9185 8173
Textphone 028 9052 7668
SMS 077 9152 5718

Strategic Equality Branch will be happy to receive comments via telephone or face to face contact, if preferable.

Responses to this consultation are invited until midnight on 8 February 2016.

Please note that these documents are available in a range of formats on request. Please contact us with your requirements.

To support transparency, all responses to this consultation will be made public. This will include the name of the responding organisation (if applicable). However, individual names will only be published if you give consent. Your contact details will not be published.

(Please be aware that any information provided in response to this consultation could be made publicly available if required under a Freedom of Information request.)
Equality Scheme for the Department of Finance and Personnel

Drawn up in accordance with Section 75 and Schedule 9 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998

This document is available in a range of formats on request. Please contact us with your requirements (please see page 6 for contact details).

Rathgael House
Balloo Road
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BT19 7NA
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Chapter 1
Introduction

Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998

1.1 Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998 (the Act) requires the Department to comply with two statutory duties:

Section 75 (1)
In carrying out its functions relating to Northern Ireland the Department is required to have due regard to the need to promote equality of opportunity between:

- persons of different religious belief, political opinion, racial group, age, marital status or sexual orientation;
- men and women generally;
- persons with a disability and persons without; and
- persons with dependants and persons without.

Section 75 (2)
In addition, without prejudice to the obligations above, in carrying out its functions in relation to Northern Ireland the Department is required to have regard to the desirability of promoting good relations between persons of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group.

“Functions” include the “powers and duties” of a public authority. This includes the Department’s employment and procurement functions.

How the Department proposes to fulfil the Section 75 duties in relation to its relevant functions

1.2 Schedule 9 4. (1) of the Act requires the Department as a designated public authority to set out in an equality scheme how it proposes to fulfil the duties imposed by Section 75 in relation to its relevant functions. This Equality Scheme is intended to fulfil that statutory requirement. It is both a statement of the Department’s arrangements for fulfilling the Section 75 statutory duties and its plan for their implementation.

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1 Section 98 (1) of the Northern Ireland Act 1998.
1.3 The Department is committed to the discharge of its Section 75 obligations in all parts of the organisation and will commit the necessary available resources in terms of people, time and money to ensure that the Section 75 statutory duties are complied with and that the Equality Scheme can be implemented effectively.

Functions of the Department of Finance and Personnel

1.4 The Department and its Agencies are responsible for:

- Managing the public expenditure of Northern Ireland (NI) Departments, including supporting the Minister and Executive in the allocation of funding available from HM Treasury
- Providing Human Resource (HR) services and policies to support the management of the Northern Ireland Civil Service (NICS) workforce
- Providing a range of corporate services to NI Departments, including HR, finance and accounting, Information, Communication and Technology (ICT), accommodation and estate management
- Providing legal, statistical, procurement, valuation and property services and support to NI Departments and the wider public sector
- Improving access to public services and information through the NI Direct programme.
Chapter 2
Arrangements for assessing compliance with the
Section 75 duties (Schedule 9 4. (2) (a))

2.1 Some of the arrangements for assessing compliance with the Section 75 statutory duties are outlined in other relevant parts of this Equality Scheme for example, monitoring arrangements, assessment of impact of policies arrangements, consultation, publication, complaints etc. In addition, the following arrangements are in place for assessing compliance:

Responsibilities and reporting

2.2 The Permanent Secretary is responsible for providing Progress Reports to the Equality Commission for Northern Ireland (ECNI). To assist him with this, he has a network of staff who advise and report on equality matters in each business area of the Department. He also has a Strategic Equality Branch which provides advice, guidance and support to business areas on all aspects of Equality and oversees the screening processes undertaken to ensure consistency of approach throughout the Department and compliance with the statutory duties.

2.3 We are committed to the fulfilment of our Section 75 obligations in all parts of our work. Through the Strategic Equality Branch, close liaisons are maintained with other NICS Departments, Section 75 representative groups and the Voluntary and Community Sector. In addition, appropriate departmental contributions are made to all relevant cross-departmental working groups in the furtherance of the equality agenda. The Department is also represented on the Equality Practitioners’ Group which is hosted and chaired by the Office of the First Minister and Deputy First Minister (OFMDFM).

2.4 Ad hoc updates are provided to the DFP Departmental Board by the Strategic Equality Branch as and when appropriate. These updates inform the Board both of progress by the Department and latest developments in the wider field of Equality. The Departmental Annual Report includes a section on Equality.
2.5 Directors in each business area are responsible for implementing the Equality Scheme within their area of responsibility and for providing assurance to the Departmental Board that they are complying with the Section 75 obligations, as laid down in the Scheme. When new policies are being introduced or where existing policies are being revised, the Director is responsible for ensuring that papers submitted to the Departmental Board and the Minister, take account of the equality obligations. They will also specify the position in relation to the conduct of any equality impact assessment, where appropriate.

2.6 Objectives and targets relating to the statutory duties are integrated into our strategic and operational business plans.

2.7 Employees' job descriptions and performance agreements reflect their contributions to the discharge of the Section 75 statutory duties and implementation of the Equality Scheme, where relevant. The Personal Performance Agreements are subject to appraisal in the annual performance review.

2.8 Overall responsibility for the effective implementation of the Equality Scheme lies with the Head of Corporate Services Division. She is accountable to the Minister and Permanent Secretary for the development, implementation, maintenance and review of the Equality Scheme in accordance with Section 75 and Schedule 9 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998, including any good practice or guidance that has been, or may be, issued by ECNI.

2.9 If you have any questions or comments regarding this Equality Scheme, please contact in the first instance the Strategic Equality Branch at the address given below:

Department of Finance and Personnel
Rathgael House
Balloo Road
Bangor
BT19 7NA

Telephone 028 9185 8173
Textphone 028 9052 7668
SMS 077 9152 5718
Email carolyn.barr@dfpni.gov.uk
2.10 Upon request by ECNI, we prepare a report on the progress made on implementing the arrangements set out in our Equality Scheme to discharge our Section 75 statutory duties.

2.11 Section 75 progress reports are available on the departmental website at https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-departmental-equality-scheme or by contacting Strategic Equality Branch using the address listed at paragraph 2.9 above.

2.12 We liaise closely with ECNI to ensure that progress on the implementation of our Equality Scheme is maintained.

**Action plan/action measures**

2.13 In addition to this Equality Scheme, we have developed action plans to promote equality of opportunity and good relations. These action plans can be accessed via https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-departmental-equality-scheme

2.14 The Section 75 and Disability action plans are relevant to our functions and will not form part of the approved Equality Scheme.

2.15 The plans include actions, measures, outcomes and timescales for their achievement. (The word “measures” has been used in place of ECNI’s suggestion of “performance indicators”).

2.16 We have developed our action plans and aligned them with corporate, business and budget planning cycles. Implementation of the action plans is incorporated into the business planning process. The plans will be amended when appropriate to reflect additional actions proposed or required.

2.18 We will monitor progress on the delivery of our plans and update as necessary to ensure that they remain effective and relevant to our functions and work.

2.20 We will inform ECNI of any changes or amendments to our action plans and will also include this information in any Section 75 progress reports to them. A Section 75 progress report will incorporate information on progress that has been made in implementing the action plans.
2.21 The action plans are available to view on-line at: https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-departmental-equality-scheme or by contacting Strategic Equality Branch using the address listed at paragraph 2.9 above.
Chapter 3
Arrangements for consulting
(Schedule 9 4. (2) (a) - on matters to which a duty (S75 (1) or (2)) is likely to be relevant (including details of the persons to be consulted))

(Schedule 9 4. (2) (b) - on the likely impact of policies adopted or proposed to be adopted by us on the promotion of equality of opportunity)

3.1 We recognise the importance of consultation in all aspects of the implementation of the statutory equality duties. We will consult on our Equality Scheme, action plans, equality impact assessments and other matters relevant to the Section 75 statutory duties.

3.2 We are committed to carrying out consultation in accordance with the following principles (as contained in ECNI’s guidance Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998 – A Guide for Public Authorities (April 2010)):

i. Consultations will seek the views of those directly affected by the matter/policy, ECNI, representative groups of Section 75 categories, other public authorities, voluntary and community groups, staff and their trade unions and such other groups who have a legitimate interest in the matter, as appropriate.

ii. To ensure the most effective use of the Department’s and its consultees’ resources, we will take a targeted approach to consultation for those consultees that may have a particular interest in the matter/policy being consulted upon and to whom the matter/policy is of particular relevance. This may include for example regional or local consultations, sectoral or thematic consultation etc.

iii. Consultation with all stakeholders will begin as early as possible. We will engage with affected individuals and representative groups to identify how best to consult or engage with them. Consultees will be asked what their preferred consultation methods are and consideration will be given to these.

iv. We will consider the accessibility and format of every method of consultation we use in order to remove barriers to the consultation
process. Specific consideration will be given as to how best to communicate with children and young people, people with disabilities (in particular people with learning disabilities) and minority ethnic communities, where appropriate. We will take account of existing and developing good practice, including the ECNI guidance *Let’s Talk Let’s Listen – Guidance for public authorities on consulting and involving children and young people* (2008).

v. Information will be made available, on request, in alternative formats\(^2\), in a timely manner, usually within 3 weeks. We will seek to ensure that such consultees have sufficient time to respond.

vi. Specific training is available to those facilitating consultations to ensure that they have the necessary skills to communicate effectively with consultees.

vii. Any consultation will last for an appropriate length of time, in line with ECNI guidelines (this currently equates to a twelve week consultation period). This will allow adequate time for groups to consult amongst themselves as part of the process of forming a view. In exceptional circumstances, when this timescale is not feasible (for example implementing EU Directives or UK wide legislation, meeting Health and Safety requirements, addressing urgent public health or strategic public expenditure matters or complying with Court judgements), the timescale may be shortened to eight weeks or less before the policy is implemented. We may continue consultation thereafter and will take account of comments as part of its monitoring commitments\(^3\).

viii. Where, under these exceptional circumstances, we must implement a policy immediately, as it is beyond our authority’s control, we may consult after implementation of the policy, in order to ensure that any impacts of the policy are considered.

ix. If a consultation exercise is to take place over a period when consultees are less able to respond, for example, over the summer or Christmas break, or if the policy under consideration is

\(^2\) See Chapter 6 of our Equality Scheme for further information on alternative formats of information we provide.

\(^3\) Please see below at 4.23 to 4.28 for details on monitoring.
particularly complex, consideration will be given to the feasibility of allowing a longer period for the consultation.

x. We are conscious of the fact that affected individuals and representative groups may have different needs. We will take appropriate measures to ensure full participation in any meetings that are held. We will consider for example the time of day, the appropriateness of the venue, in particular whether it can be accessed by those with disabilities, how the meeting is to be conducted, the use of appropriate language, whether a signer and/or interpreter is necessary.

xi. We will make all relevant information available to consultees in appropriate formats to ensure meaningful consultation. This includes detailed information on the policy proposal being consulted upon and any relevant quantitative and qualitative data.

xii. In making any decision with respect to a policy adopted or proposed to be adopted, we will take into account any assessment and consultation carried out in relation to the policy.

xiii. We will provide feedback to consultees in a timely manner. A feedback report will be prepared which includes summary information on the policy consulted upon, a summary of consultees’ comments and a summary of the consideration of and response to consultees’ input. The feedback will be provided in formats suitable to consultees. (Please see also paragraph 6.3.)

3.3 A list of those Section 75 groups who have asked to be included in our consultations is included in this Equality Scheme at Appendix 3. It can also be obtained from our website at https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-departmental-equality-scheme or by contacting:

Strategic Equality Branch
Rathgael House
Balloo Road
Bangor
BT19 7NA

Telephone 028 9185 8173
Textphone 028 9052 7668
SMS 077 9152 5718
Email carolyn.barr@dfpni.gov.uk

3.4 This consultation list is not exhaustive and is reviewed on a regular basis to ensure it remains relevant to our functions and policies.

We welcome enquiries from any person/s or organisations wishing to be added to the list of consultees. Please contact Strategic Equality Branch, as above, to provide your contact details and have your areas of interest noted or have your name/details removed or amended. Please also inform us at this stage if you would like information sent to you in a particular format or language.
Chapter 4
Arrangements for assessing, monitoring and publishing the impact of policies
(Schedule 9 4. (2) (b); Schedule 9 4. (2) (c); Schedule 9 4. (2) (d); Schedule 9 9. (1); Schedule 9 9.(2))

Arrangements for assessing the likely impact of policies adopted or proposed to be adopted on the promotion of equality of opportunity

4.1 In the context of Section 75, ‘policy’ is very broadly defined and it covers all the ways in which we carry out or propose to carry out our functions in relation to Northern Ireland. In respect of this Equality Scheme, the term policy is used for any (proposed/amended/existing) strategy, policy initiative or practice and/or decision, whether written or unwritten and irrespective of the label given to it, eg, ‘draft’, ‘pilot’, ‘high level’ or ‘sectoral’.

4.2 In making any decision with respect to a policy adopted or proposed to be adopted, we will take into account any assessment and consultation carried out in relation to the policy, as required by Schedule 9 9. (2) of the Northern Ireland Act 1998.

4.3 We use the tools of screening and equality impact assessment to assess the likely impact of a policy on the promotion of equality of opportunity and good relations. In carrying out these assessments we will relate them to the intended outcomes of the policy in question and will also follow ECNI guidance:

- The guidance on screening, including the screening template, as detailed in the Commission’s guidance Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998 – A Guide for Public Authorities (April 2010); and

- On undertaking an equality impact assessment as detailed in the Commission’s guidance Practical guidance on equality impact assessment (February 2005).
4.4 The purpose of screening is to identify those policies that are likely to have an impact on equality of opportunity and/or good relations.

4.5 Screening is completed at the earliest opportunity in the policy development/review process. Policies which we propose to adopt will be subject to screening prior to implementation. For more detailed strategies or policies that are to be put in place through a series of stages, screening will take place at appropriate stages during implementation.

4.6 The lead role in the screening of a policy is taken by the policy decision maker who has the authority to make changes to that policy. However, screening will also involve other relevant team members, for example, equality specialists, those who implement the policy and staff members from other relevant work areas. Where possible, key stakeholders will be included in the screening process.

4.7 The following questions are applied to all our policies as part of the screening process:

- What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, for each of the Section 75 equality categories? (minor/major/none)

- Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equality categories?

- To what extent is the policy likely to impact on good relations between people of a different religious belief, political opinion or racial group? (minor/major/none)

- Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of a different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

4.8 In order to answer the screening questions, we gather relevant information and data, both qualitative and quantitative. In taking this evidence into account we consider the different needs, experiences and priorities for each of the Section 75 equality categories.
4.9 Completion of screening, taking into account consideration of the answers to all four screening questions set out in 4.7 above, will lead to one of the following three outcomes:

- the policy has been ‘screened in’ for equality impact assessment;
- the policy has been ‘screened out’ with mitigation\(^4\) or an alternative policy proposed to be adopted; or
- the policy has been ‘screened out’ without mitigation or an alternative policy proposed to be adopted.

4.10 If screening concludes that the likely impact of a policy is ‘minor’ in respect of one, or more, of the equality of opportunity and/or good relations categories, we may on occasion decide to proceed with an equality impact assessment, depending on the policy. If an Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA) is not to be conducted, we will nonetheless consider measures that might mitigate the policy impact as well as alternative policies that might better achieve the promotion of equality of opportunity and/or good relations.

4.11 Where we mitigate we will outline in the screening template the reasons to support this decision together with the proposed changes, amendments or alternative policy. This screening decision will be ‘signed off’ by the appropriate policy lead within the Department.

4.12 If screening concludes that the likely impact of a policy is ‘major’ in respect of one, or more, of the equality of opportunity and/or good relations categories, we will normally subject the policy to an EQIA. This screening decision will be ‘signed off’ by the appropriate policy lead within the Department.

4.13 If screening concludes that the likely impact of a policy is ‘none’, in respect of all of the equality of opportunity and/or good relations categories, we may decide to screen the policy out. If a policy is ‘screened out’ as having no relevance to equality of opportunity or good relations, details of the reasons for the decision taken will be

\(^4\) Mitigation – Where an assessment (screening in this case) reveals that a particular policy has an adverse impact on equality of opportunity and/or good relations, a public authority must consider ways of delivering the policy outcomes which have a less adverse effect on the relevant Section 75 categories.
given. This screening decision will be ‘signed off’ by the appropriate policy lead within the Department.

4.14 As soon as possible following the completion of the screening process, the screening template, signed off and approved by the senior manager responsible for the policy, will be made available on our website https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-departmental-equality-scheme and on request from Strategic Equality Branch (via the contact details on page 6):

4.15 In addition, we will advise our consultees via email or post of any policies ‘screened out’ as soon as the process has been completed.

4.16 If a consultee, including ECNI, raises a concern about a screening decision based on supporting evidence, we will review the screening decision.

Equality impact assessment

4.17 An Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA) is a thorough and systematic analysis of a policy, whether that policy is formal or informal, and irrespective of the scope of that policy. The primary function of an EQIA is to determine the extent of any impact of a policy upon the Section 75 categories and to determine if the impact is an adverse one. It is also an opportunity to demonstrate the likely positive outcomes of a policy and to seek ways to more effectively promote equality of opportunity and good relations.

4.18 Once a policy is screened and screening has identified that an equality impact assessment is necessary, we will carry out the EQIA in accordance with ECNI guidance. The EQIA will be carried out as part of the policy development process, before the policy is implemented.

4.19 Any EQIA will be subject to consultation at the appropriate stage(s). (For details - see Chapter 3: Arrangements for Consulting.)
Arrangements for publishing the results of the assessments of the likely impact of policies adopted or propose to adopt on the promotion of equality of opportunity
(Schedule 9 4. (2) (d); Schedule 9 9. (1))

4.20 We will make publicly available the results of our assessments (screening and EQIA) of the likely impact of policies on the promotion of equality of opportunity and good relations.

Publications

- A timetable for conducting EQIAs, where applicable
- A link to the completed screening template(s) on our website
- Progress reports
- Screening templates
- EQIAs

EQIA reports are published once the impact assessment has been completed. These reports include:

- A statement of the aim of the policy assessed
- Information and data collected
- Details of the assessment of impact(s)
- Consideration given to measures which might mitigate any adverse impact
- Consideration given to alternative policies which might better achieve the promotion of equality of opportunity
- Consultation responses
- The decision taken
- Future monitoring plans.

All of the above are available on our website https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-departmental-equality-scheme or by contacting Strategic Equality Branch:

Department of Finance and Personnel
Rathgael House
Balloo Road
Bangor
BT19 7NA
4.21 All information we publish is accessible and can be made available in alternative formats on request (see paragraph 6.3).

4.22 We are committed to achieving effective communication with the public. Recognising the growing range of communication channels and the differing needs and preferences of different groups, we will use of a range of communication channels to enable wide access to information, to mitigate the risk that some sections of the public might not enjoy equality of opportunity in accessing our information.

Arrangements for monitoring any adverse impact of policies on equality of opportunity
(Schedule 9 4. (2) (c))

4.23 Monitoring can assist better delivery of public services and continuous improvements. Monitoring Section 75 information involves the processing of sensitive personal data (data relating to the racial or ethnic origin of individuals, sexual orientation, political opinion, religious belief, etc). In order to carry out monitoring in a confidential and effective manner, the Department follows guidance from the Office of the Information Commissioner and ECNI.

4.24 We monitor any adverse impact on the promotion of equality of opportunity of policies it has adopted. We are also committed to monitoring more broadly to identify opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity and good relations in line with Equality Commission guidance.

4.25 The systems we have established to monitor the impact of policies and identify opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity and good relations are:
- the collection, collation and analysis of existing relevant quantitative and qualitative data across all nine equality categories on an ongoing basis; and
- undertaking or commissioning new data if necessary.

4.26 If, over a two year period, monitoring and evaluation show that a policy results in greater adverse impact than predicted, or if opportunities arise which would allow for greater equality of opportunity to be promoted, we will ensure that the policy is revisited to determine if better outcomes for relevant equality groups can be achieved.

**Arrangements for publishing the results of our monitoring**

(Schedule 9 4. (2) (d))

4.27 Schedule 9 4. (2) (d) requires Public Authorities to publish the results of the monitoring of adverse impacts of policies they have adopted. EQIA monitoring information is published as part of our Section 75 progress reports [see 2.11].

4.28 All information published is accessible and can be made available in alternative formats on request [see 6.3 for details].
Chapter 5
Staff training
(Schedule 9 4.(2) (e))

Commitment to staff training

5.1 We recognise that awareness raising and training play a crucial role in the effective implementation of Section 75 duties.

5.2 The Permanent Secretary wishes to positively communicate the commitment of the Department to the Section 75 statutory duties, both internally and externally. To this end, the Centre for Applied Learning (CAL) provides an effective communication and training programme for all staff and ensures that the commitment to the Section 75 statutory duties is made clear in all relevant publications.

Training objectives

5.3 We have drawn up a detailed training plan for our staff which will aim to achieve the following objectives:

- to raise awareness of the provisions of Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998, Equality Scheme commitments and the particular issues likely to affect people across the range of Section 75 categories, to ensure that staff fully understand their role in implementing the scheme;
- to provide those staff involved in the assessment of policies (screening and EQIA) with the necessary skills and knowledge to do this work effectively;
- to provide those staff who deal with complaints in relation to compliance with our Equality Scheme with the necessary skills and knowledge to investigate and monitor complaints effectively;
- to provide those staff involved in consultation processes with the necessary skills and knowledge to do this work effectively; and
- to provide those staff involved in the implementation and monitoring of the effective implementation of our Equality Scheme with the necessary skills and knowledge to do this work effectively.
Awareness raising and training arrangements

Awareness Raising Arrangements

5.4 We will provide access to copies of the full Equality Scheme for all staff and consultees and ensure that any queries or questions of clarification are addressed effectively. In addition, we will provide briefing for staff and Board Members on our Equality Scheme as soon as possible after approval from ECNI.

Training arrangements

5.5 Equality training for the Department is provided by the Centre for Applied Learning (CAL), Enterprise Shared Services, which is the sole provider of generic training to the NICS which comprises 12 Departments, including DFP.

5.6 Focused training is provided for key staff within the Department who are directly engaged in taking forward the implementation of the Equality Scheme commitments (for example those involved in research and data collection, policy development, service design, conducting EQIAs, consultation, monitoring and evaluation). The following suite of Equality training is currently provided by CAL:

- **An Introduction to Section 75 and Schedule 9** – the aim of this course is to familiarise participants with the two statutory duties as outlined in Section 75 and Schedule 9, and the guidance provided by ECNI. This course gives participants the opportunity to consider how Section 75 can be mainstreamed into policy development and implementation through pre-screening, screening and EQIAs. Consultation, monitoring and action planning will also be introduced through linked, interactive exercises. It is a prerequisite for attendance on the EQIA Workshop.

- **Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA) Workshop** - this course builds on participants’ knowledge of Section 75 by giving them the opportunity to consider how to carry out an EQIA, in accordance with statutory guidance, and appropriate monitoring and consultation strategies.

- **Public Consultation and Engagement in the Northern Ireland Context** - the aim of this course is to develop knowledge and understanding of the consultation process for policymaking in Northern Ireland and to develop skills in carrying out consultations. Participants will explore the concepts, principles and a range of
methods of consultation and will be able to define a structured approach to consultation. Participants will also have the opportunity to put consultation skills into practice in a learning environment.

5.7 In addition to this generic offering, CAL will work with Departments/business areas within the NICS to contextualise any aspect of Equality training.

5.8 Where appropriate, training will be provided to ensure staff are aware of the issues experienced by the range of Section 75 groups. CAL has established excellent working relationships with both ECNI and Section 75 representative groups e.g. the Participation Network. This enables CAL to keep abreast of issues experienced by the range of Section 75 groups and incorporate this into the training by way of practical examples and case studies. CAL also networks with staff throughout both this Department and the NICS who are involved in policy. The experiences of these staff inform the training programmes by providing examples of where they have engaged with Section 75 groups throughout the policy cycle. These practical examples assist in bringing the issues experienced by a range of these groups to the fore.

5.9 When appropriate and on an ongoing basis, arrangements will be made to ensure staff are kept up to date with Section 75 developments. The suite of Equality training provided by CAL is kept under regular review and revised when required. The most recent revisions were carried out to ensure that the current suite of courses was aligned with ECNI Section 75 Guidance for Public Authorities. These revised courses, informed and quality assured by equality subject experts, were launched in 2014/15.

5.10 Training and awareness raising programmes have, where relevant, been developed in association with the appropriate Section 75 groups and our staff. In order to share resources and expertise, CAL, where possible, works closely with other bodies and agencies in the development and delivery of training. The design and delivery of CAL’s Equality training was developed with input from both ECNI and NICS Equality Practitioners. It maintains ongoing liaison with ECNI in relation to mainstreaming the Section 75 statutory duties into other generic training programmes, where appropriate. CAL trainers involved in the delivery of Equality
training attend external courses offered by specialist organisations in the field (e.g. ECNI, Human Right Commission) to build on and maintain their knowledge. As mentioned in point 5.7, CAL will work with any Department/business area within the NICS to contextualise Equality training. This involves working closely with the relevant departmental Equality Practitioners in both the design and delivery of the training. This sharing of knowledge, experience and resources both ensures that the training is effective and also assists in building training capability.

5.11 CAL’s remit also includes provision of training to other publicly funded bodies such as non departmental public bodies. This further enhances the opportunities to share resources and expertise.

**Monitoring and evaluation**

Evaluation

5.12 Participants attending CAL training courses are required to complete a post course evaluation questionnaire, the results of which are analysed and a summary report issued to CAL customers. The post course evaluation also informs the regular course reviews which CAL carry out and courses are revised accordingly.

5.13 As part of the Performance Management framework, it is a requirement that line managers discuss training course objectives with their staff – both in terms of setting these objectives before the event, and the extent to which the objectives have been met once the training has been delivered. Line managers are also responsible for ensuring that opportunities are in place to put the training into practise.

Monitoring

5.14 Annual Personal Development Plans (PDP’s) are discussed, agreed and monitored by Departmental line managers and the staff for whom they are responsible. These PDP’s are collated within each business area to produce organisational training plans, which take account of the NICS corporate training priorities. CAL provides the Department with a monthly training report which enables it to monitor training provided against the organisational training plans.
The training programme is subject to the following monitoring and evaluation arrangements:

- Evaluation of the extent to which all participants in this training programme have acquired the necessary skills and knowledge to achieve each of the above objectives.

- The extent to which training objectives have been met will be reported on as part of the Section 75 progress reports, which will be produced upon request from ECNI.
Chapter 6
Arrangements for ensuring and assessing public access to information and services we provide
(Schedule 9 4. (2) (f))

6.1 We are committed to ensuring that the information we disseminate and the services we provide are fully accessible to all parts of the community in Northern Ireland. We will keep the arrangements under review to ensure that this remains the case.

6.2 We are aware that some groups will not have the same access to information as others. In particular:

- People with sensory, learning, communication and mobility disabilities may require printed information in other formats.

- Members of ethnic minority groups, whose first language is not English, may have difficulty with information provided only in English.

- Children and young people may not be able to fully access or understand information.

Access to information

6.3 To ensure equality of opportunity in accessing information, we provide information in alternative formats on request, where reasonably practicable. Where the exact request cannot be met, we will ensure a reasonable alternative is provided.

6.4 Alternative formats may include Easy Read, Braille, audio formats (CD, mp3 or DAISY), large print or minority languages to meet the needs of those for whom English is not their first language. We take account of guidance on liaising with representatives of young people and disability and minority ethnic organisations and take account of existing and developing good practice.

6.5 We will respond to requests for information in alternative formats in a timely manner, usually within 10 working days. Please also refer to our customer service standards at https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-customer-service-standards
6.6 We are committed to achieving effective communication with the public. Recognising the growing range of communication channels and the differing needs and preferences of different groups, we will use a range of communication channels to enable wide access to information, to mitigate the risk that some sections of the public might not enjoy equality of opportunity in accessing information provided by the Department.

Access to services

6.5 We are committed to ensuring that all of our services are fully accessible to everyone in the community across the Section 75 categories. We also adhere to the relevant provisions of current anti-discrimination legislation.

6.6 Our public facing agencies, Land & Property Services and the Northern Ireland Statistics Research Agency, provide access to information and services through their websites which are continually reviewed and updated to ensure appropriate access. In addition the Department’s Digital Inclusion Strategy reduces barriers to citizen access to on line public services. These digital inclusion activities provide improved access to services (government and other) for those groups currently less able to avail of them via the web channel.

6.7 All citizen facing information is available online via the NIDirect Website. This site conforms to the UK government guidelines for websites and is accessible and easy to use. The site’s layout takes into account users who are blind or visually impaired (text size can be altered at the touch of a button). It is fully compatible with popular screen reading software and, for those with difficulties using a mouse, the site can be navigated using only a keyboard.

Assessing public access to information and services

6.8 The Department monitors across all its functions in relation to access to information and services to ensure equality of opportunity and good relations are promoted.

6.9 Accessibility of our information and services is reviewed through customer and staff surveys, feedback from customers and stakeholders and the resolution of complaints brought to our attention.
Chapter 7
Timetable for measures proposed in this equality scheme
(Schedule 9 4. (3) (b))

7.1 Appendix 4 outlines the timetable for all measures proposed within this Equality Scheme. The measures outlined in this timetable will be incorporated into our business planning processes.
Chapter 8
Complaints procedure
(Schedule 9 10.)

8.1 We are responsive to the views of our staff and members of the public. We will endeavour to resolve all complaints made to us.

8.2 Schedule 9 paragraph 10 of the Act refers to complaints. A person can make a complaint to a public authority if the complainant believes he or she may have been directly affected by an alleged failure of the authority to comply with its approved Equality Scheme. If the complaint has not been resolved within a reasonable timescale, the complaint can be brought to the Equality Commission for Northern Ireland.

8.3 A person wishing to make a complaint that we have failed to comply with our approved Equality Scheme should contact the Strategic Equality Branch:

Department of Finance and Personnel
Rathgael House
Balloo Road
Bangor
BT19 7NA

Telephone 028 9185 8173
Textphone 028 9052 7668
SMS 077 9152 5718

Email carolyn.barr@dfpni.gov.uk

8.4 We will, in the first instance, acknowledge receipt of each complaint as soon as possible after receipt.

8.5 We will carry out an internal investigation of the complaint and will respond substantively to the complainant within 10 working days of the date of receiving the letter of complaint. Under certain circumstances, if the complexity of the matter requires a longer period, the period for response to the complainant may be extended up to a maximum of two (2) months. In those circumstances, the complainant will be advised of the extended period within 10 working days of making the complaint.
Please also refer to our customer service standards at https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-customer-service-standards

8.6 In any subsequent investigation by ECNI, we will co-operate fully, providing access in a timely manner to any relevant documentation that ECNI may require.

8.7 Similarly, we will co-operate fully with any investigation by ECNI under sub-paragraph 11 (1) (b) of Schedule 9 to the Northern Ireland Act 1998.

8.8 We will give full consideration to any recommendations arising out of any Commission investigation.
Chapter 9
Publication of the Equality Scheme
(Schedule 9 4. (3) (c))

9.1 Our Equality Scheme is available free of charge in print form and alternative formats from Strategic Equality Branch:

Department of Finance and Personnel
Rathgael House
Balloo Road
Bangor
BT19 7NA

Telephone 028 9185 8173
Textphone 028 9052 7668
SMS 077 9152 5718

Email carolyn.barr@dfpni.gov.uk

9.2 The equality scheme is also available on our website at: https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-departmental-equality-scheme

9.3 The following arrangements are in place for the publication in a timely manner of the Equality Scheme to ensure equality of access:

- We will make every effort to communicate the existence and content of the Equality Scheme to all relevant stakeholders.

- A link to the approved Equality Scheme will be emailed to consultees. Other consultees without e-mail will be notified by letter that the scheme is available on request. We will respond to requests for the Equality Scheme in alternative formats in a timely manner, usually within 10 working days.

- This Equality Scheme will be made available on request in alternative formats such as Easy Read, Braille, large print, audio formats (CD, mp3, DAISY) and in minority languages to meet the needs of those not fluent in English.
9.4 For a list of stakeholders and consultees please see Appendix 3 of the equality scheme or visit the website at https://www.dfpni.gov.uk/publications/dfp-departmental-equality-scheme or contact Strategic Equality Branch at the address above.
Chapter 10
Review of the Equality Scheme
(Schedule 9 8. (3))

10.1 As required by Schedule 9 paragraph 8 (3) of the Northern Ireland Act 1998 we will conduct a review of this Equality Scheme. This review will take place either within five years of submission of this scheme to ECNI or within a shorter timescale to allow alignment with the review of other planning cycles. The review will evaluate the effectiveness of our scheme in relation to the implementation of the Section 75 statutory duties relevant to its functions in Northern Ireland.

10.2 In undertaking this review we will follow any guidance issued by ECNI. A report of this review will be published on our website and sent to ECNI.
Appendix 1
Organisational chart
Appendix 2
Example groups relevant to the Section 75 categories for Northern Ireland purposes

*Please note, this list is for illustration purposes, it is not exhaustive.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Example groups</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Religious belief</td>
<td>Buddhist; Catholic; Hindu; Jewish; Muslims, people of no religious belief; Protestants; Sikh; other faiths.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For the purposes of Section 75, the term “religious belief” is the same definition as that used in the <em>Fair Employment &amp; Treatment (NI) Order</em>(^5). Therefore, “religious belief” also includes any <em>perceived</em> religious belief (or perceived lack of belief) and, in employment situations only, it also covers any “<em>similar philosophical belief</em>”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Political opinion(^6)</td>
<td>Nationalist generally; Unionists generally; members/supporters of other political parties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Racial group</td>
<td>Black people; Chinese; Indians; Pakistanis; people of mixed ethnic background; Polish; Roma; Travellers; White people.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men and women generally</td>
<td>Men (including boys); Trans-gendered people; Transsexual people; women (including girls).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marital status</td>
<td>Civil partners or people in civil partnerships; divorced people; married people; separated people; single people; widowed people.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>Children and young people; older people.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persons with a disability</td>
<td>Persons with disabilities as defined by the Disability Discrimination Act 1995.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persons with dependants</td>
<td>Persons with personal responsibility for the care of a child; for the care of a person with a disability; or the care of a dependant older person.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexual orientation</td>
<td>Bisexual people; heterosexual people; gay or lesbian people.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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\(^5\) See Section 98 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998, which states: “In this Act...”political opinion” and “religious belief” shall be construed in accordance with Article 2(3) and (4) of the Fair Employment & Treatment (NI) Order 1998.”

\(^6\) ibid
Appendix 3
List of consultees
(Schedule 9 4. (2) (a))

EQUALITY CONSULTEES

AGENI
AMH Action Mental Health
Amicus Section - Unite the Union
Archdiocese of Armagh
Armagh City & District Council
Ballymoney Borough Council
Belfast Education and Library Board
British Council
CACPD
Carers Northern Ireland
Chinese Chamber of Commerce Northern Ireland
Chrysalis Women's Centre
Committee on the Administration of Justice
Conservative Party NI Area
Craigavon Borough Council
Diocese of Down and Connor
Disability Action
Epilepsy Action
Equality & Diversity Officer
Equality Coalition
Equality Commission for Northern Ireland
Equality Project Worker
Federation of Small Businesses
Institute of Directors
Larne Borough Council
Limavady Borough Council
Methodist Church in Ireland
Newtownabbey Borough Council
NI Court Service
NIACRO
NIPSA
North Eastern Education & Library Board
North West Community Network
Northern Ireland Council for Ethnic Minorities
Northern Ireland Human Rights Commission
Northern Ireland Law Commission
Older People's Advocate
POBAL
Royal National Institute for the Blind
Royal National Institute for the Deaf
Shelter Northern Ireland - Campaign for Homeless People
Staff Commission for Education & Library Boards
The Law Society of Northern Ireland
TWN(Training for women Network)
Voice of Young People in Care
Women's Resource and Development Agency
Youthnet

KEY STAKEHOLDERS

Chartered Accountants Ireland – Ulster Society
Confederation of British Industry
Construction Employers Federation (CEF)
Construction Industry Group (CIGNI)
Education & Library Boards
Institute of Business Consulting
Institute of Practitioners in Advertising
Institute of Sales
Management Consultancies Association
Momentum (NI ICT Federation)
NICS staff
N.I Housing Executive
NI Water
Northern Ireland Council for Voluntary Action
Procurement & Logistics Service
Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors
Social Economy Network
Translink
# Appendix 4

## Timetable for measures proposed

(Schedule 9 4.(3) (b))

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Lead responsibility</th>
<th>Timetable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consultation list reviewed and updated</td>
<td>Strategic Equality Branch</td>
<td>September (annually)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communication of equality scheme</td>
<td>Strategic Equality Branch</td>
<td>Within 1 month of approval by ECNI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notification of consultees</td>
<td>Strategic Equality Branch</td>
<td>Within 1 month of approval by ECNI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brief Staff on revised Equality Scheme</td>
<td>Strategic Equality Branch</td>
<td>Within 2 months of approval by ECNI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Action Plans Monitoring</td>
<td>Strategic Equality Branch</td>
<td>Annually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Action Plans Reviewed and updated</td>
<td>Business Areas</td>
<td>Annually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review of Monitoring Information</td>
<td>Business Areas</td>
<td>Annually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Development of Training Programme</td>
<td>Line Managers</td>
<td>Annually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaluation of Training</td>
<td>Line Managers</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progress reports to Departmental Board</td>
<td>Strategic Equality Branch</td>
<td>As required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review of equality scheme [10.1]</td>
<td>Strategic Equality Branch</td>
<td>2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix 5
Glossary of terms

Action Plan
This is the document which sets out actions which the Department will take to address identified inequalities, or to improve equality of opportunity.

Adverse Impact
Where a Section 75 category has been affected differently by a policy and the effect is less favourable i.e. adverse. If a policy has an adverse impact on a Section 75 category a public authority must consider whether or not the adverse impact is unlawfully discriminatory. In either case a public authority must take measures to redress the adverse impact, by considering mitigating measures and/or alternative ways of delivering the policy.

Audit of Inequalities
A thorough analysis of the work of the Department to determine which areas impact upon equality and good relations and to scrutinise those areas where improvement could be made. This audit forms the basis of Action Plans.

Consultation
In the context of Section 75, consultation is the process of asking those affected by a policy (i.e. service users, staff, the general public) for their views on how the policy could be implemented more effectively to ensure equality of opportunity across the 9 groups. Different circumstances will call for different types of consultation. Consultations could, for example, include meetings, focus groups, surveys and questionnaires.

Differential Impact
Differential impact occurs where a Section 75 group has been affected differently by a policy. This effect could either be positive, neutral or negative. A public authority must make a judgement as to whether a policy has a differential impact and then it must determine whether the impact is adverse, based on a systematic appraisal of the accumulated information.
Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA)
The mechanism underpinning Section 75, where existing and proposed policies are assessed in order to determine whether they have an adverse impact on equality of opportunity for the relevant groups. EQIAs require the analysis of both quantitative and qualitative data.

Equality of Opportunity
The prevention, elimination or regulation of discrimination between people on grounds of characteristics including sex, marital status, age, disability, religious belief, political opinion, dependants, race and sexual orientation. The promotion of equality of opportunity entails more than the elimination of discrimination. It requires proactive measures to be taken to secure equality of opportunity between the categories identified under Section 75.

Equality Scheme
A document which outlines a public authority’s arrangements for complying with its Section 75 obligations. An equality scheme must include an outline of the public authority’s arrangements for carrying out consultations, screening, equality impact assessments, monitoring, training and arrangements for ensuring access to information and services.

Good Relations
Although not defined in the legislation, ECNI has agreed the following working definition of good relations: 'the growth of relations and structures for Northern Ireland that acknowledge the religious, political and racial context of this society, and that seek to promote respect, equity and trust, and embrace diversity in all its forms.'

Mainstreaming Equality
The integration of equality of opportunity principles, strategies and practices into the everyday work of public authorities from the outset. In other words, mainstreaming is the process of ensuring that equality considerations are built into the policy development process from the beginning, rather than being bolted on at the end. Mainstreaming can help improve methods of working by increasing a public authority’s accountability, responsiveness to need and relations with the public. It can bring added value at many levels.
Mitigation of Adverse Impact
Where an EQIA reveals that a particular policy has an adverse impact on equality of opportunity, a public authority must consider ways of delivering the policy outcomes which have a less adverse effect on the relevant groups; this is known as mitigating adverse impact.

Monitoring
Monitoring consists of continuously scrutinising and evaluating a policy to assess its impact on the Section 75 categories. Monitoring must be sensitive to the issues associated with human rights and privacy. Public authorities should seek advice from consultees and Section 75 representative groups when setting up monitoring systems. Monitoring consists of the collection of relevant information and evaluation of policies. It is not solely about the collection of data, it can also take the form of regular meetings and reporting of research undertaken. Monitoring is not an end in itself, but provides the data for the next cycle of policy screening.

Northern Ireland Act
The Northern Ireland Act, implementing the Good Friday Agreement, received Royal Assent on 19 November 1998. Section 75 of the Act created the statutory equality duties.

Policy
The formal and informal decisions a public authority makes in relation to carrying out its duties. Defined in the New Oxford English Dictionary as 'a course or principle of action adopted or proposed by a government party, business or individual'. In the context of Section 75 the term policy covers all the ways in which a public authority carries out or proposes to carry out its functions relating to Northern Ireland. Policies include unwritten as well as written policies.

Qualitative Data
Qualitative data refers to the experiences of individuals from their perspective, most often with less emphasis on numbers or statistical analysis. Consultations are more likely to yield qualitative than quantitative data.
Quantitative Data
Quantitative data refers to numbers, typically derived from either a population in general or samples of that population. This information is often analysed by either using descriptive statistics, which consider general profiles, distributions and trends in the data, or inferential statistics, which are used to determine ‘significance’ either in relationships or differences in the data.