TEMPLATE FOR APPLYING FOI SECTION 40(2) OR EIR 12(3) 13(1) DOF/2022-0393

The lawfulness, fairness and transparency test

Business areas are required to carry out a "lawfulness, fairness and transparency test" when considering the disclosure of third party personal data falling within the scope of a FOI or EIR request. **In most cases**, neither of the lawful basis outlined below will apply, however the business area must complete the test as evidence as having considered.

The steps are as follows:-

1. Consider the Personal Data falling within the scope of the request

ICO guidance states that, personal data only includes information relating to natural persons who:

- can be identified or who are identifiable, directly from the information in question; or
- who can be indirectly identified from that information in combination with other information.

The request is for:

What is the organisational structure within your recruitment and HR teams at the Department of Finance?

The names of members of staff below G7 level are contained in the organisational charts, which are to be released as part of the FOI response.

Brief description:

The data held is personal, third party data but does not constitute special category data.

2. Lawfulness

either of the two lawful basis below which allow for the disclosure of personal dat bly? No
Consent: We do not have the consent of staff to share their names to the public at large. There is a reasonable expectation of privacy for colleagues who are not in a senior role. Releasing the requested information would risk identifying the individuals and would therefore contravene the data protection principles.

Legitimate interests: Disclosure is not necessary for the Department's
legitimate interests or the legitimate interests of a third party that overrides the

data subject(s) rights and freedoms, particularly their right to privacy. The data subjects involved would have a reasonable expectation that this information would not be shared with the public at large.

The DoF Privacy notice states that we may process personal information for the purposes of detection and investigation of suspected or actual fraud, loss or crime, data matching under the National Fraud Initiative, staff monitoring and as required by other legislation. This request is based solely on the requester's private concerns as opposed to a pressing public interest that would necessitate transparency and disclosure of the information.

Consequently, if NICSHR was to comply with the request, it would, in effect, be making an unrestricted disclosure of personal data to the general public on the strength of the requester's private interests. This could constitute a disproportionate and unwarranted level of interference with the individuals' rights and freedoms – particularly their right to privacy and family life under the Human Rights Act 1998.